Embedded Creft

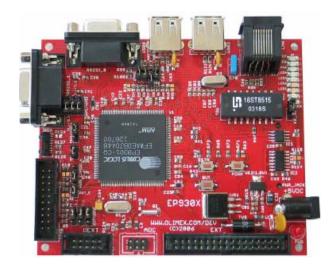
Embedded System Current Trends



Definition...

Difficult to define in current scenario....

- These are the computing systems which are used in electronic devices for specific purpose.
- Any computing system other then a Desktop PC.





Definition...

Processor based system ...

- 1. General Purpose Systems
- 2. Embedded System

General Purpose Systems

Like Desktop PC, Laptop etc.

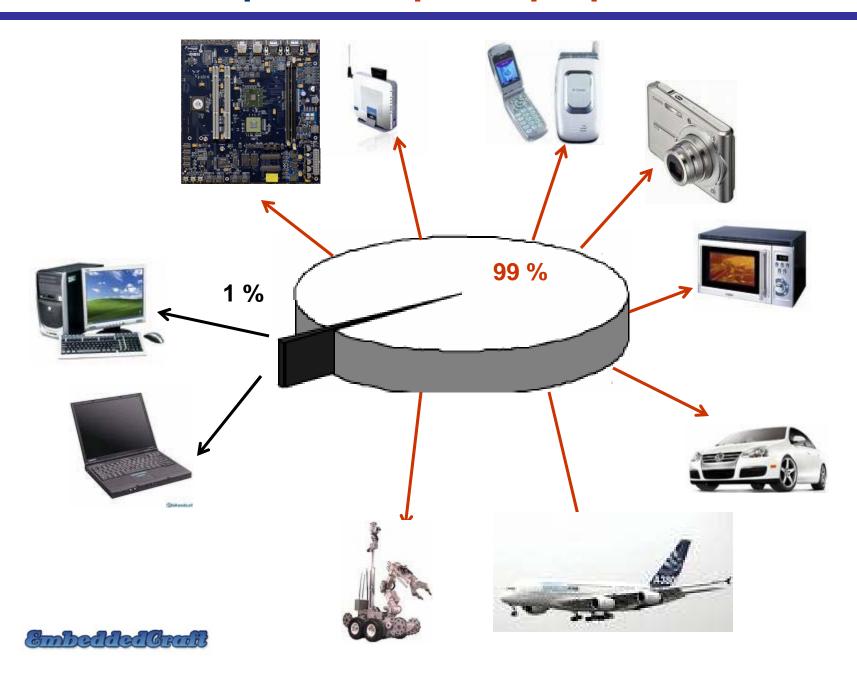
Embedded System

Special purpose system which are either used as standalone or part of a big system.





General Purpose vs special purpose



Characteristics of Embedded Systems

- Single Function
- Complex functionality
 - Complex algorithms used in mobile phone etc
- Full of constraints
 - Limited Memory, Low Cost, Less Power Consumptions
- Real time performance
- Safety Critical
 - Aircraft, Lifts, Space shuttle, Medical Instruments



Market of Embedded Systems

AUTOMOTIVE

Ignition System Engine Control Brake System

Medical

Infusion Pumps
Dialysis Machine
Prosthetic Device
Cardiac Monitor

Networking

Router Hubs Gateways

CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

TV
Set-top Box
PDA
Kitchen Appliances
Toys/Games
Telephone/Cell
phones
Camera/GPS

Industrial Control

Robotics
Control System
Various Cards
Art. Satellites
Missiles
Nuclear Reactors
Space Stations
Shuttles

Office Automation

Fax
Copier
Printers
Scanners
Card Readers
Monitors



Heart of Embedded System...

Off course MICROCONTROLLER



Microcontroller Definition

A microcontroller is a computer-on-a-chip optimized to control electronic devices. It is a type of microprocessor emphasizing self-sufficiency and cost-effectiveness, in contrast to a general-purpose microprocessor, the kind used in a PC. A typical microcontroller contains all the memory and I/O interfaces needed, whereas a general purpose microprocessor requires additional chips to provide these necessary functions -Wikipedia



Microcontroller 1970'stoday



The first microprocessor was developed by what was then a small company called Intel (short for Integrated Electronics) in the early 1970s.

The client, a Japanese company called **Busicon**, declined to buy the chipset and Intel, faced with a development cost and no customer, decided to market the chipset as a "general purpose" microprocessing system for use in applications where digital logic chips would have been used.

The chipset was a success and within a short while Intel developed a general purpose 4 bit microprocessor called the 4004.

http://www.computerhistory.org/semiconductor/timeline.html#1970s



Microcontroller 1970'stoday





YEAR INTEL MAKE

1974 = 8008

= 8080 (+5 V operation)

= 8085

= 8086 (16 bit)

= 80186

= 80196 ...

Motorola (freescale)

= 6800 (features as 8080)

= HC12 (16 bit...)

= HC16

= 68K

= PowerPC

= MCORE

EmbeddedGraft

Microcontroller 1970'stoday

8080 Vs 6800

Intel Motorola (freescale)

8048 6800 (features as 8080)

8085 Zilog

80186 Z80 etc



Microcontrollertoday



Power (PowerPC), ColdFire, MCORE,



ARM7, ARM9, ARM11, Cortex, SecureCore, OptimoDE Data Engine



MSP430, DaVinci, OMAP





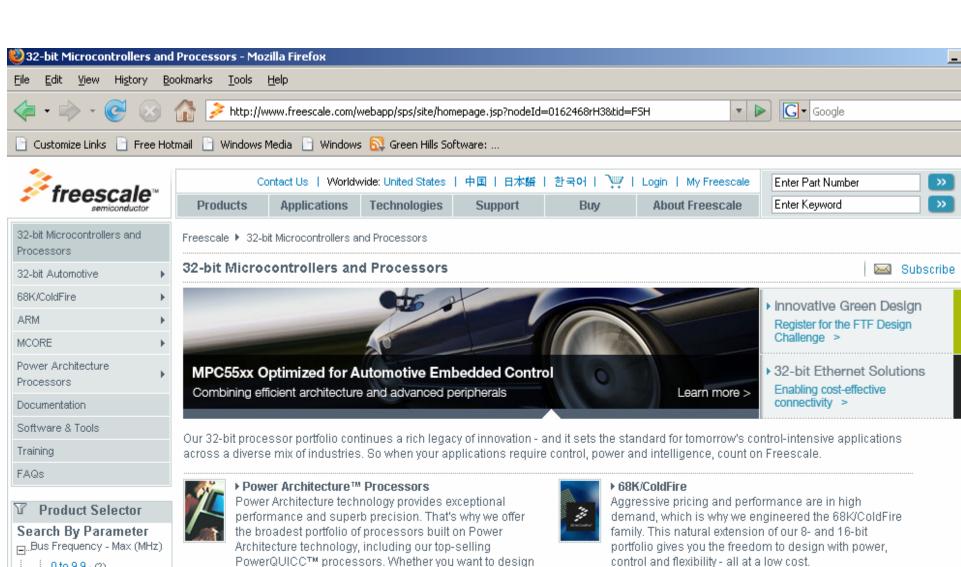
AVR, 8051, SAM(ARM), AVR32





Others...





_0 to 9.9 - (2)

.10 to 24.9 - (14) _25 to 39.9 - (23)

40 to 54.9 - (54)

55 to 79.9 - (47)

80 to 99.9 - (12)

....100 to 300 - (33)

≟...Internal Flash(Byte)

__0 to 11000 - (4)

_12000 to 23000 - (1)

a high-end computing application or a precise automotive application, you'll find the performance and integration expertise you need with Freescale's Power Architecture processors.

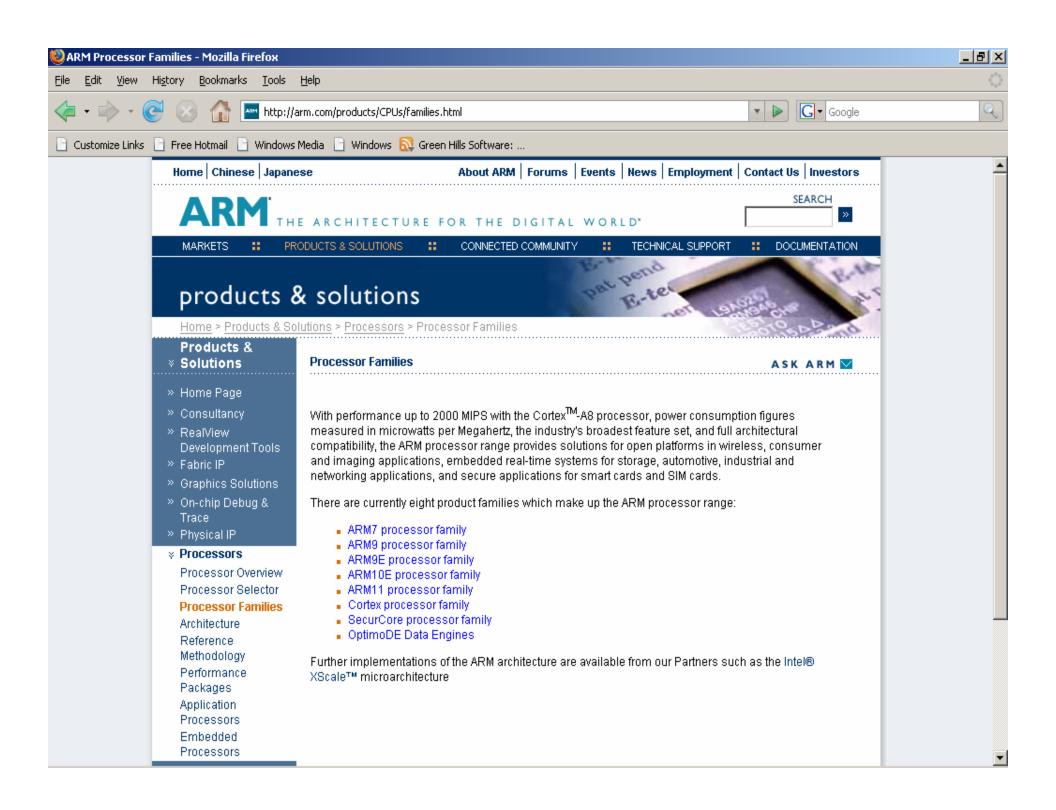


Freescale's ARM-based processors offer low component count, long battery life and exceptional performance. From multimedia entertainment to file sharing, our i.MX family of application processors delivers. With i.MX, rich multimedia experiences spring to life. Plus, i.MX's renowned integration can help you speed through development.



▶ MCORE Processors

It's reliable and it's proven. The MCORE processor is known in the market for delivering reduced power consumption. Designed for high-performance and cost-sensitive control applications, its uses include portable and mobile battery-operated products.



Market of Embedded Systems

AUTOMOTIVE

ol

Medical

Infusion Pumps
Dialysis Machine
Prosthetic Device
Cardiac Monitor

CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

Office Automation

Fax

Copier

Printers

Scanners

Card Readers

Monitors

ARM ColdFire

8051 AVR MSP430

ARM

POWER QUICC

8051

AVR

MSP430

DaVinci

Networking

Router Hubs Gateways

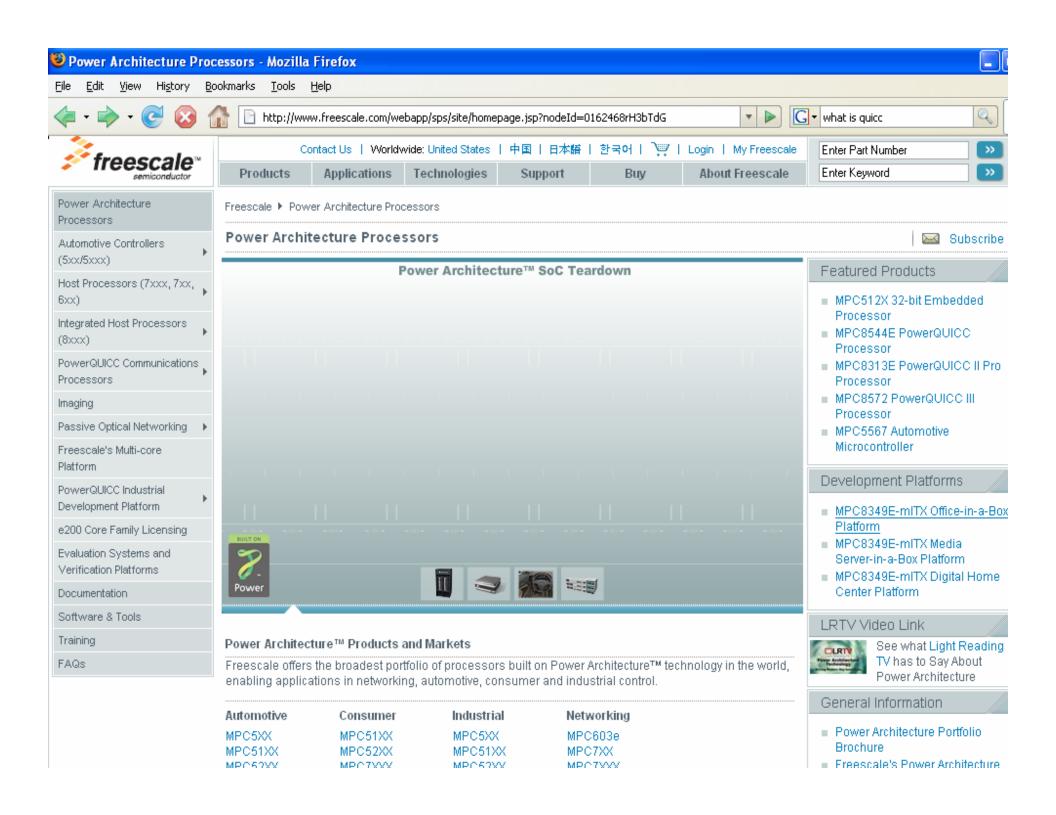
ARM POWER QUICC

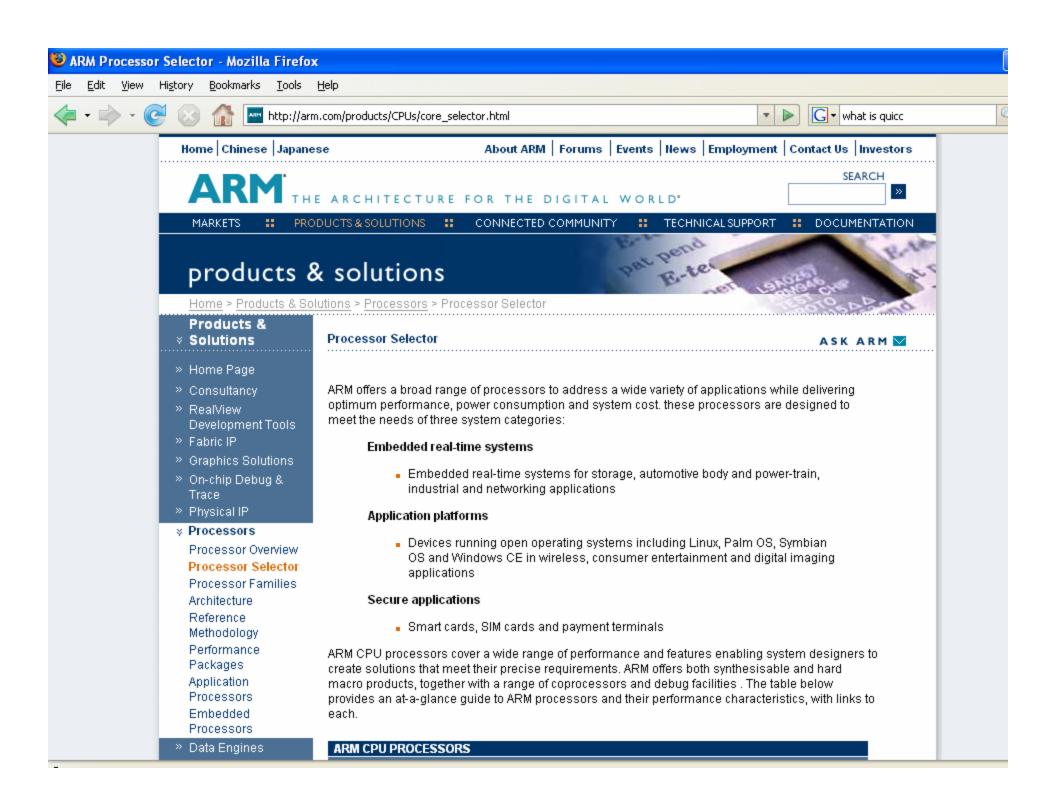
Embedded Graff

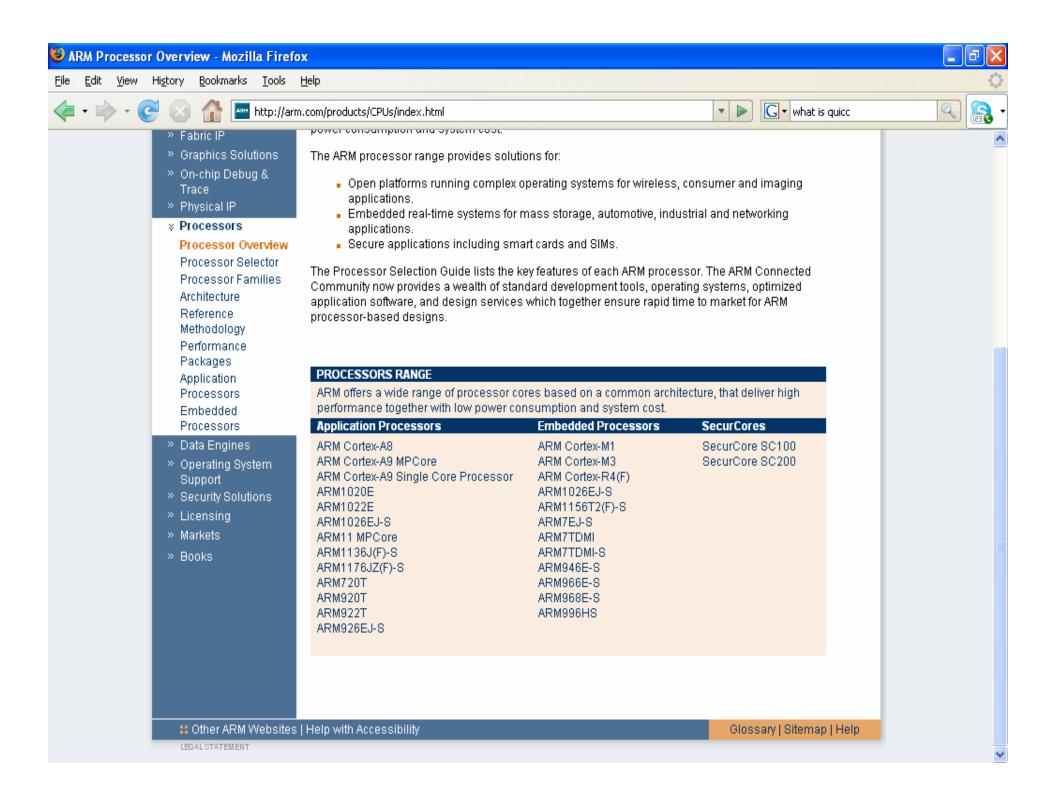
Industrial Control

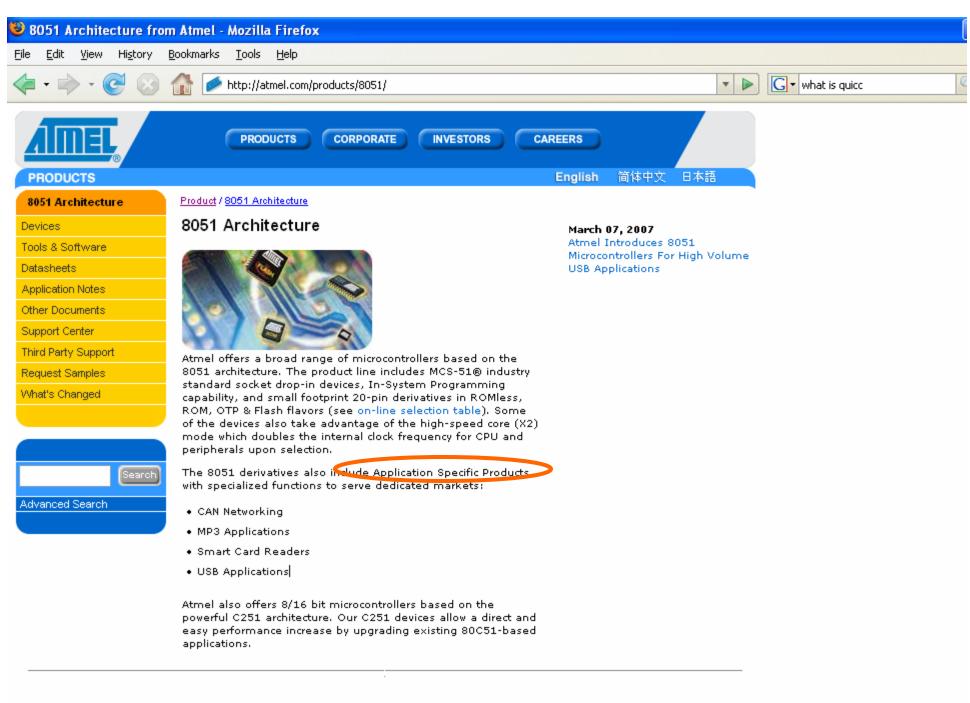
Robotics
Control System
Various Cards
Art. Satellites
Missiles
Nuclear Reactors
Space Stations
Shuttles

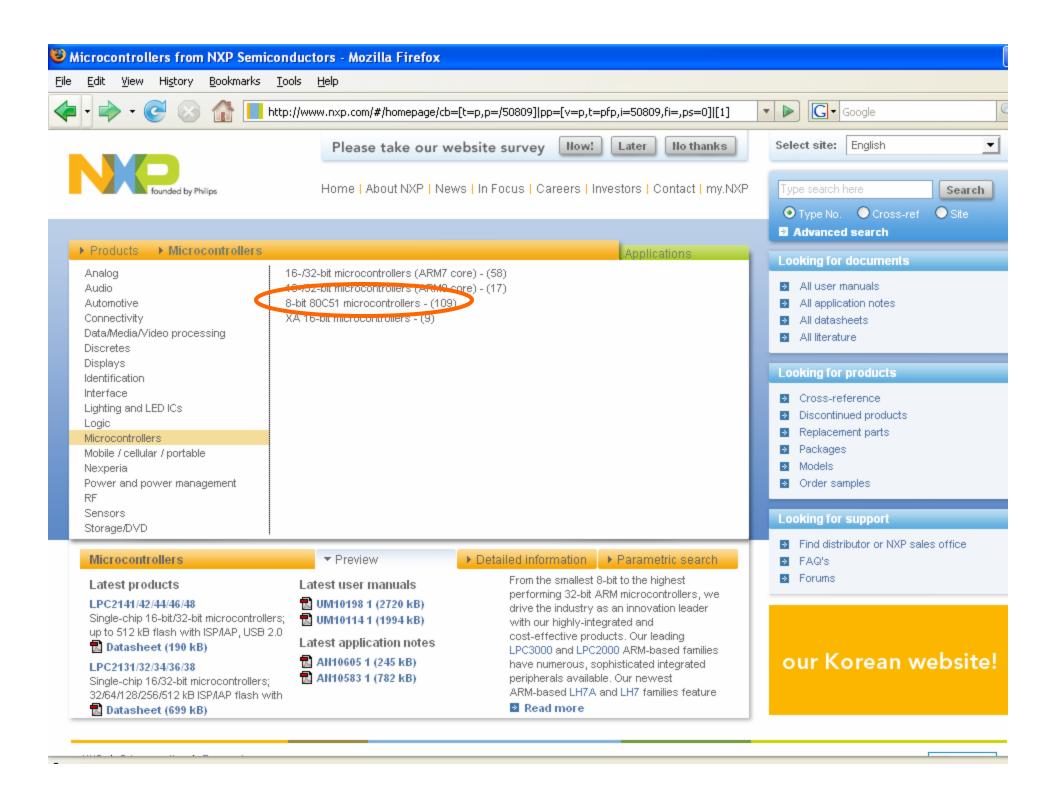












Embedded System Development

- Cross platform development
- Debug in target, which is separate Hardware
- Limited visibility



Cross Platform Development...

• code is developed on one platform but will execute on different platform







Coding, Compilation

Programmer

Target



Cross Platform Development



Coding, Compilation

In Circuit Emulator

Target



Difference Between In Circuit Emulator





Difference Between In Circuit Emulator



Embedded System Development

Programming Language Used...

- Assembly Language (Specific to Microcontroller)
- C or Embedded C
- Ada
 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ada_(programming_language)
- Embedded C ++



Embedded System Development Tools

Medium and Small Level Development Tool

Designing phase

Commonly Used Tools







Coding & Compilation



Codewarrior

Code Composer Studio™ IDE

Hardware Debugging



Programmer

Target Board

8051. MSP430, AVR etc





Embedded System Development Tools 32/64 bit Processors

Designing phase

Commonly Used Tools

Designing Phase





UML and SysML Tools



Compilation

RTOS, Middlewares



WIND RIVER





Hardware Debugging



Target Board

Reliability Prediction



Compilers, IDE, RTOS

Codewarrior





ARM, PowerPC, DSP etc



Leader in Reliability and Maintainability analysis software tool

Reliable Software

Embedded System Development Commonly used RTOS



VxWorks

WIND RIVER





symbian

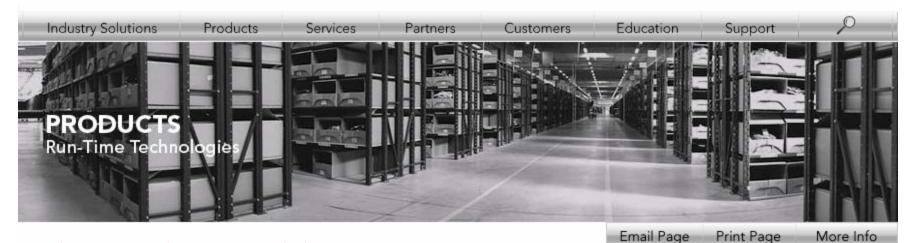
Other Linux Flavor

- 1. Montavista Linux
- 2. Windriver Linux
- 3. Symbian



WIND RIVER

Device Software Optimization ' Develop ' VxWorks ' Linux



Wind River Home: Products: Run-Time Technologies: Operating Systems

Operating Systems

Operating systems (OSes) for device software play an integral role in how manufacturers develop, deploy, and market their devices. Over the past 25 years,

Our real-time operating systems include:

- VxWorks 6.x
- VxWorks 653
- VxWorks 5.x
- Wind River Linux
- pSOS



APIs and Protocols

Network Management

Graphics

Mobility

Multicore

Networking

Operating Systems



Green Hills

Total Solutions for Embedded Development

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Operating Systems

INTEGRITY

INTEGRITY® - A modern, certified POSIX conformant, Real Time Operating Systems (RTOS) designed for total reliability and absolute security. INTEGRITY uses full memory protection in a message-passing design with an extensive range of middleware and board support packages.

INTEGRITY-178B

INTEGRITY-178B - Securely partitioned Real Time Operating Systems (RTOS) for demanding safety critical applications containing multiple programs with different levels of safety criticality, all executing on a single processor.

INTEGRITY PC

INTEGRITY PC ™ - Operating System technology provides secure management of data and applications from multiple security domains on a single workstation.



velOSity™ kernel is a small footprint RTOS with full range of middleware and board support packages.



µ-velOSity™ real-time kernel is small, fast, easy-to-learn operating system for the most cost-sensitive and resource-constrained devices

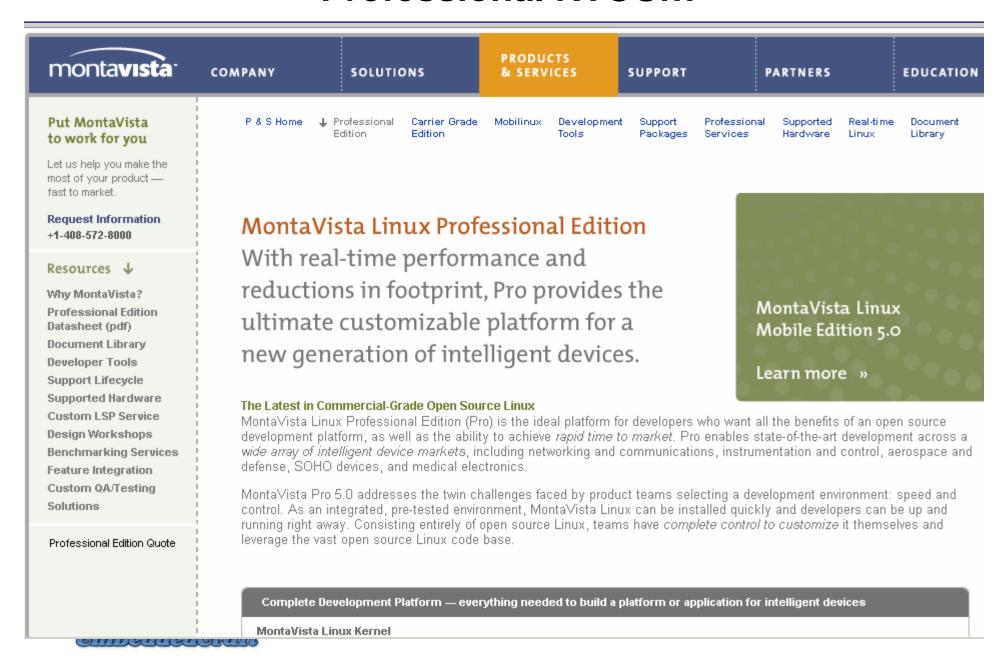


ThreadX® - Express Logic's RTOS is available from and supported by Green Hills Software. Includes kernel-aware graphical interface with advanced source-level and multi-task debugging with the MULTI development environment.

Supported Processors

- » PowerPC | Ada
- » ARM/Thumb
- » XScale/StrongARM
- » DaVinci
- » OMAP
- » MIPS | Ada
- » x86/Pentium | Ada
- » ColdFire I Ada
- » 68K/CPU32 | Ada
- » V800
- » Blackfin
- » ARC
- » StarCore
- » M32R
- » FR
- » ZSP
- » TriCore
- » ST100
- » i960
- » M*CORE
- » Alpha
- » Intrinsity
- » Lexra
- » RAD6000 | Ada
- » RH32 | Ada
- » SH
- » SPARClite







The Linux Kernel Archives

Welcome to the Linux Kernel Archives. This is the primary site for the Linux kernel source, but it has much more than just Linux kernels Frequently Asked Questions

Protocol	Location	Protocol	Location	
<u>HTTP</u>	http://www.kernel.org/pub/	HTTP	http://www.eu.kernel.org/pub/	
<u>FTP</u>	ftp://ftp.kernel.org/pub/	<u>FTP</u>	ftp://ftp.eu.kernel.org/pub/	
<u>RSYNC</u>	rsync://rsync.kernel.org/pub/	<u>RSYNC</u>	rsync://rsync.eu.kernel.org/pub/	

2.6.23.9	2007-11-26 17:57 UTC F V VI C Changelog
2.6.24-rc4	2007-12-04 05:01 UTC <u>B V VI C</u> <u>Changelog</u>
2.6.24-rc4-git4	2007-12-06 19:01 UTC <u>B</u> <u>∨</u> <u>C</u>
2.4.35.4	2007-11-17 17:44 UTC <u>F V C Changelog</u>
2.4.36-pre2	2007-11-17 19:28 UTC <u>B ⊻ VI</u> <u>C</u> <u>Changelog</u>
	2.6.24-rc4 2.6.24-rc4-git4 2.4.35.4







Embedded Linux/Microcontroller Project

Home

What is uClinux?

Status |

Getting started with uClinux

FAQ

uCsimm Hardware Project

uClinux Ports

The Developers

E-Mail Forum

Contact us

The Linux/Microcontroller project is a port of Linux to systems without a Memory Management Unit (MMU).

Pronounced "you-see-linux", the name uClinux comes from combining the greek letter "mu" and the english capital "C". "Mu" stands for "micro", and the "C" is for "controller". uClinux first ported to the Motorola MC68328: DragonBall Integrated Microprocessor. The first target system to successfully boot is the PalmPilot using a TRG SuperPilot Board with a custom boot-loader created specifically for our Linux/PalmPilot port.

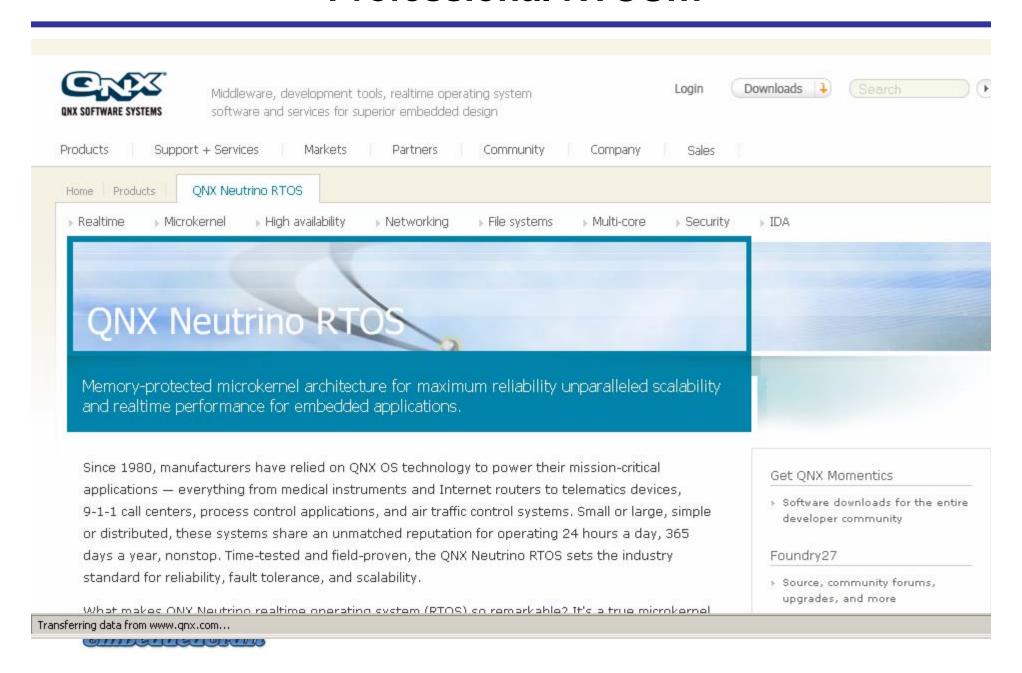
July 2007

Greg Ungerer has been posting patches against the dist for those wishing to follow the mid-release updates. The Patches can be found at the following link: http://www.uclinux.org/pub/uClinux/dist/patches/ Feed back on these patches can be posted to the uClinux-dev mailing list. If you wish to subscribe to the mailling list you can do it here https://mailman.uclinux.org/mailman/listinfo/uclinux-dev/.

July 2007

The current uClinux-dist release is dated January 30, 2007. Here is a quick links to the tar.gz and tar.bz2 packages.





Networking and Communication

Communications Software

Green Hills Software provides a complete and scalable suite of integrated networking products to support a broad range of network connected devices - from devices requiring basic IPv4 connectivity to those that demand the most comprehensive and robust network security and advanced routing functionality. These products were developed from the ground up to address the requirements of embedded systems spanning a range of markets, including Wireless, Automotive, Consumer, Military, Aerospace, Networking and Telecommunications. The scalable feature set and footprint can be configured to support devices from low power handsets to enterprise class routers.

The Green Hills suite of networking products is seamlessly integrated with the *u-velOSity* kernel, the *velOSity* real-time operating system, INTEGRITY real-time operating system, INTEGRITY-178B and MULTI development environment, providing a total solution for all your networking needs.

Please click on the image to receive information about each section.

Distributed Messaging Middleware		CORBA		NDDS		
Streaming Protocols	SIP	H.323	МС	СР МЕС	ACO H.248	RTP/RTCP
Routing Protocols	OSPF	BGP	RIP	IS-IS	PIM-SIM	DVMRP
	НТТР		SSL		Telnet	
Application	SSH	CLI	XML	SOAP	UPnP	POP3
Protocols	SMTP	CRYPTO	SNMPv1/2c/3	SNTP	IKE	RADIUS
	DNS	DHCP	TETP	FTP	NES	CIES



File Systems

There is no one size fits all solution when it comes to file system support for embedded devices. For example, the requirements of a file system for a digital camera differ greatly from an in car infotainment system or carrier grade telecommunications system. Green Hills Software offers a wide variety of file system support integrated with INTEGRITY and velOSity to meet the specific needs of your device.

INTEGRITY and velosity use a file system framework model, commonly referred to as a virtual file system (VFS), to make it easy to add and remove support for various file systems. The file system server (VFS server) provides file system services to applications that utilize file system APIs such as C stdio (fopen(), fread(), fwrite(), etc.), C++ iostreams (cout, cin, etc.), or the low-level POSIX interfaces (open(), read(), write()).

Wear Leveling Flash Storage (WLFS)

WLFS gives you the ability to access a bank of flash memory through the file system as if it were a disk. Wear leveling technology manages the underlying flash in a manner that guarantees wear on the flash will be evenly distributed across the entire device, and is also resilient against power failures and other unexpected interruptions. Both NOR and NAND flash device types are supported with WLFS. Any of the supported file system formats may be used in conjunction with WLFS.

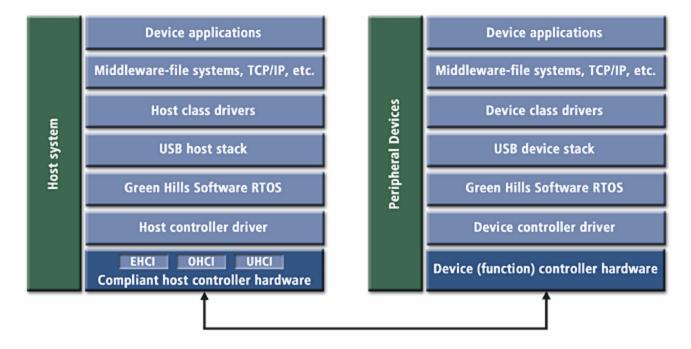
File System format types available with INTEGRITY and velOSity

- Unix/Linux Compatible Fast File System (FFS)—The Berkeley Fast File System (FFS) is an inode-based file
 system that first appeared in the BSD UNIX distribution from the University of California. The FFS file system,
 sometimes referred to by its predecessor's name, UFS (UNIX File System), is used by many BSD derivative
 operating systems such as NetBSD, FreeBSD, and OpenBSD.
- DOS/FAT 12/16/32—The MSDOS file system originated with the Microsoft DOS operating system. It is
 sometimes referred to by its primary data structure, the file allocation system (FAT). Like FFS, MSDOS is a
 hierarchical, disk-based file system. The MSDOS file system comes in several variants named after the number
 of bits in each entry in its file allocation table: FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32. The original MSDOS file system
 supported filenames of up to 8 characters followed by a dot, and a 3 character extension. With Windows 95,
 Microsoft layered a long filename scheme onto the FAT file system. This long filename support is sometimes
 referred to as VFAT. INTEGRITY supports all of these variants.
- CDROM ISO9660/CDFS/CDA—The ISO9660 file system is commonly found on Compact Disc media. INTEGRITY supports the generic ISO9660 standard format as well as the Rockridge and Joliet extensions. The Joliet extension is favored in the MS Windows world. It allows Unicode characters to be used for all text fields, which includes file names and the volume name. The RockRidge extension is favored in the Unix world. It lifts file name restrictions, but also allows Unix-style permissions and special files to be stored on the CD.
- UDF DVD (read only)—The UDF file system (Universal Disk Format) is the file system used on DVD's as well as other media. INTEGRITY's UDF library allows



USB Solutions for INTEGRITY and velOSity

Green Hills Software offers complete, high-performance USB 2.0 solutions for the royalty-free INTEGRITY Real-Time Operating System (RTOS) and *velOSity* kernel. Both Host and Device (Function) stacks are available in addition to numerous class drivers and example applications for using both stacks. The stacks and drivers are all delivered with full source code. These products allow developers to quickly and easily add USB connectivity to INTEGRITY and *velOSity* based devices.



Host Stack:

Responsible for enumerating the USB devices connected to the host.



INTEGRITY® Real-Time Operating System - Graphics and Video

Graphics support



ALT Software's embedded graphics products provide advanced 3D graphics for leading edge products for automotive, avionics, industrial controls, and 3D visualization applications.

The Portable Embedded GUI (PEG) is integrated with INTEGRITY and provides a comprehensive library for creating graphical user interfaces for touch screens and LCD displays while requiring a minimal memory footprint.

PEG consists of a C++ based library and device drivers that make it simple to include powerful graphics in embedded real-time applications. PEG applications can be run in either virtual address spaces or in kernel space, and reside in less than 100KB. It is small, fast, and royalty-free, yet powerful enough for advanced real-time graphics needs.

Three dimensional graphics, including OpenGL and highly tuned graphics accelerator drivers for next generation displays, are also integrated with INTEGRITY.

ALT Software's embedded graphics products support a wide range of CPUs, safety standards and ASICs. Intended applications range from low-powered portable devices to high-performance leading edge products designed for automotive, avionics, industrial controls, and 3D visualization. These OpenGL drivers conform to specifications for OpenGL 1.2, 1.2.1, 1.3. and support several OpenGL 1.4 and 2.0 functions as well as most OpenGL extensions.







- » Back to INTEGRITY page
- » RTOS
- » MULTI IDE
- » AdaMULTI IDE
- » Compilers



Selecting Good Tools Embedded System Development

Code Generation

- 1. Highly optimized Compiler
- 2. optimization in term of speed or size
- 3. Able to generate different output file formats
- 4. Customizable and easy to use IDE

Programmer

- 1. Universal programmer
- 2. Stand alone operation
- 3. Flash memory programming capability
- 4. Fast Downloading speed

In Circuit Emulator

- 1. Fast Downloading speed
- 2. Universal Emulator
- 3. No of hardware breakpoint
- 4. Trace capability

Single Board Computer

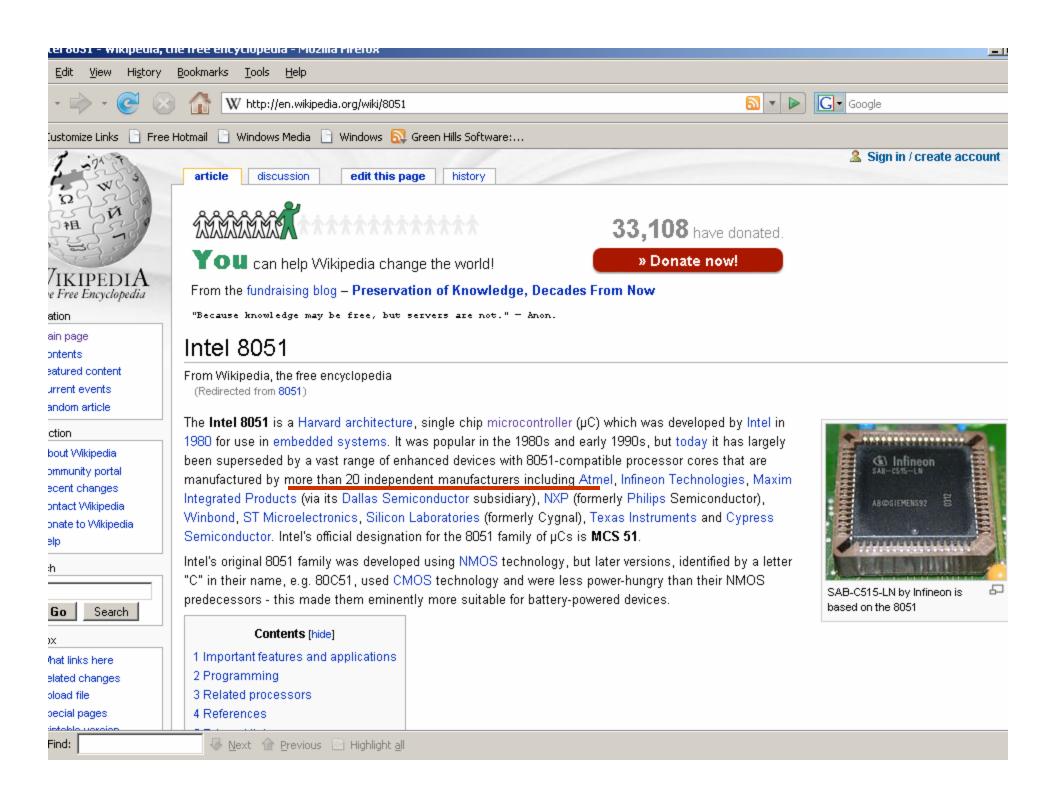
- 1. Maximum peripherals
- 2. Port pins open
- 3. Modular Approach



For beginning

Microcontroller 8051
Programming Language C and Assembly
Knowledge of Electronics Recommended





8051 Microcontroller Family...

8048 Used by IBM in Keyboards, still present in some keyboards

8031 Same as 8051 but without ROM



8052 Advance then 8052



ATMEL 8051 Microcontroller Family

89S52 256 B 32 33 Mhz 40 to 44 8KB 512 B Up to 4KB 32-34 89x51 40 to 44 60 Mhz to 64 KB 8448 B 128 B - C 89x4051 **4 KB** 15 24 Mhz 20 256 B - S 128B - C 89x2051 2KB 15 24 Mhz 20 256 B - S Flash RAM Speed Pin 8051 **Ports** Package

ATMEL 8051 Microcontroller Family

S= ISP C = CMOS

89S52

AT89S52

89x51

AT89S51

AT89C51xx

89x4051

AT89S4051

AT89C4051

89x2051

AT89S2051

AT89C2051

ambaile Groff

And after 8051...

ARM 7 as per me.

Because of following reasons

- 1. ARM7 is considered as link between 8 bit and 32 bit processors
- 2. Free Toolchain are also available
- 3. Books are also available.
- 4. Cheap ARM Development boards are also available



Embedded Greff